



Circuit 4 Juvenile Justice Circuit Advisory Board

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March 10, 2023

Prevention

- Civil Citation Utilization
- Arrest Rates:
 - Community vs. School-based
 - Felony and Misdemeanor Top 3 Offenses



Civil Citation (CC) Utilization | FY 2021-2022 (First Time Misdemeanants)

- 957 CC-eligible arrests.
- 80% (770) utilized CC.
- 20% (187) of CC-eligible youth were arrested.

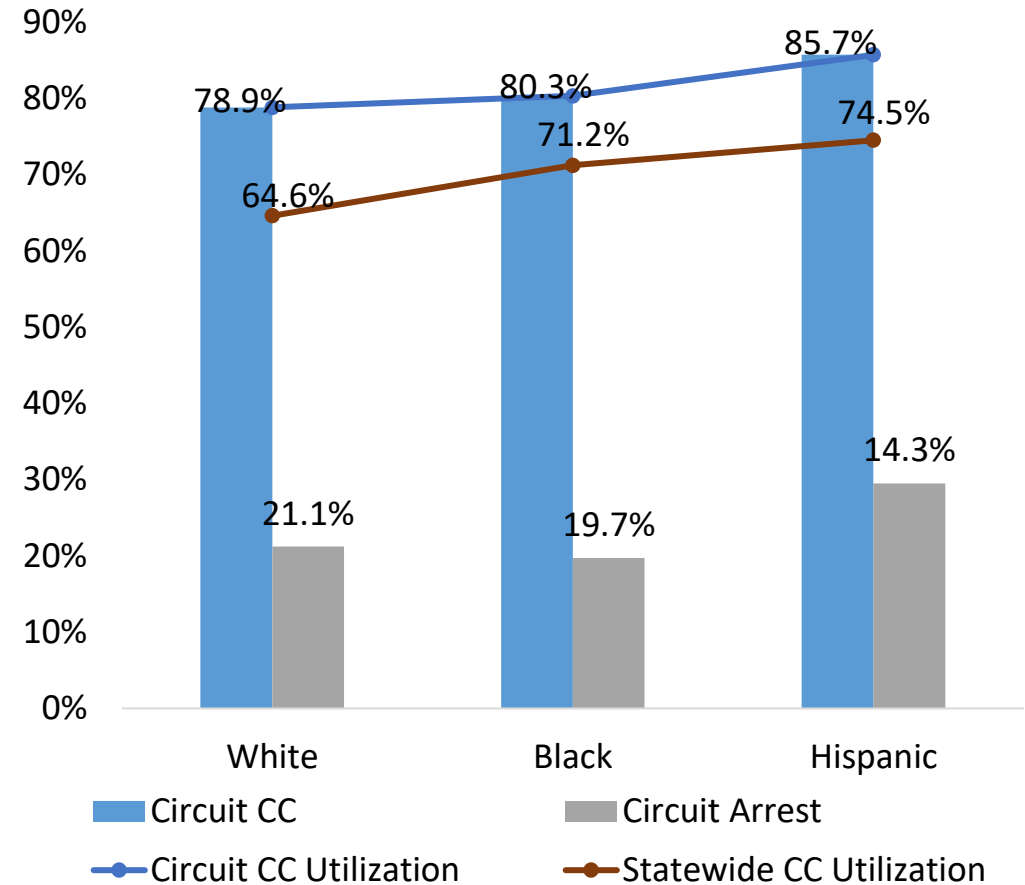
Civil Citation (CC) Utilization | FY 2021-2022

(First Time Misdemeanants)

Overall Circuit 4 CC Utilization: 80%
 Statewide CC Utilization: 69%

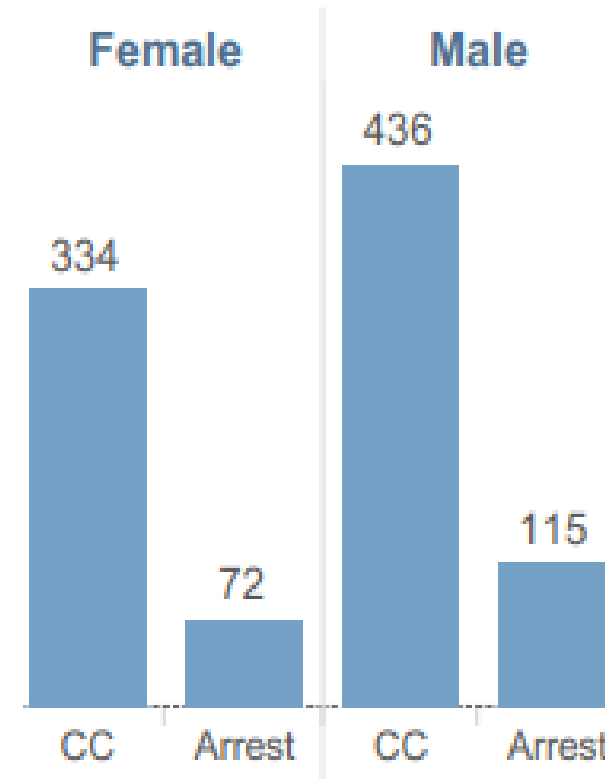
First-time misdemeanants issued Civil Citation
 by race:

	Circuit	State
White	78.8%	64.6%
Black	80.3%	71.2%
Hispanic	85.7%	74.5%



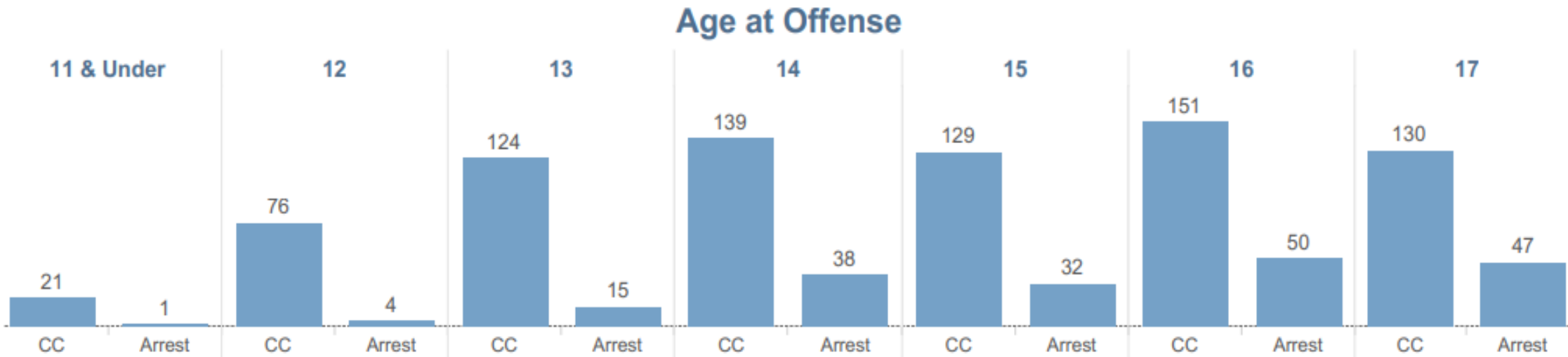
Civil Citation (CC) Gender | FY 2021-2022 (First Time Misdemeanants)

- 58% of CC-eligible youth are male.
- Males account for approximately 61% of arrests in lieu of CC.



Civil Citation (CC) Age Demographics | FY 2021-2022 (First Time Misdemeanants)

- 56% of CC-eligible youth are 15-17 years old.
- 41% of CC-eligible youth are 12-14 years old.
- 16-year-olds are the largest group of CC-eligible youth.
- 17-year-olds have the highest arrest rate of CC-eligible youth.



Civil Citation (CC) Agency Utilization | FY 2021-2022

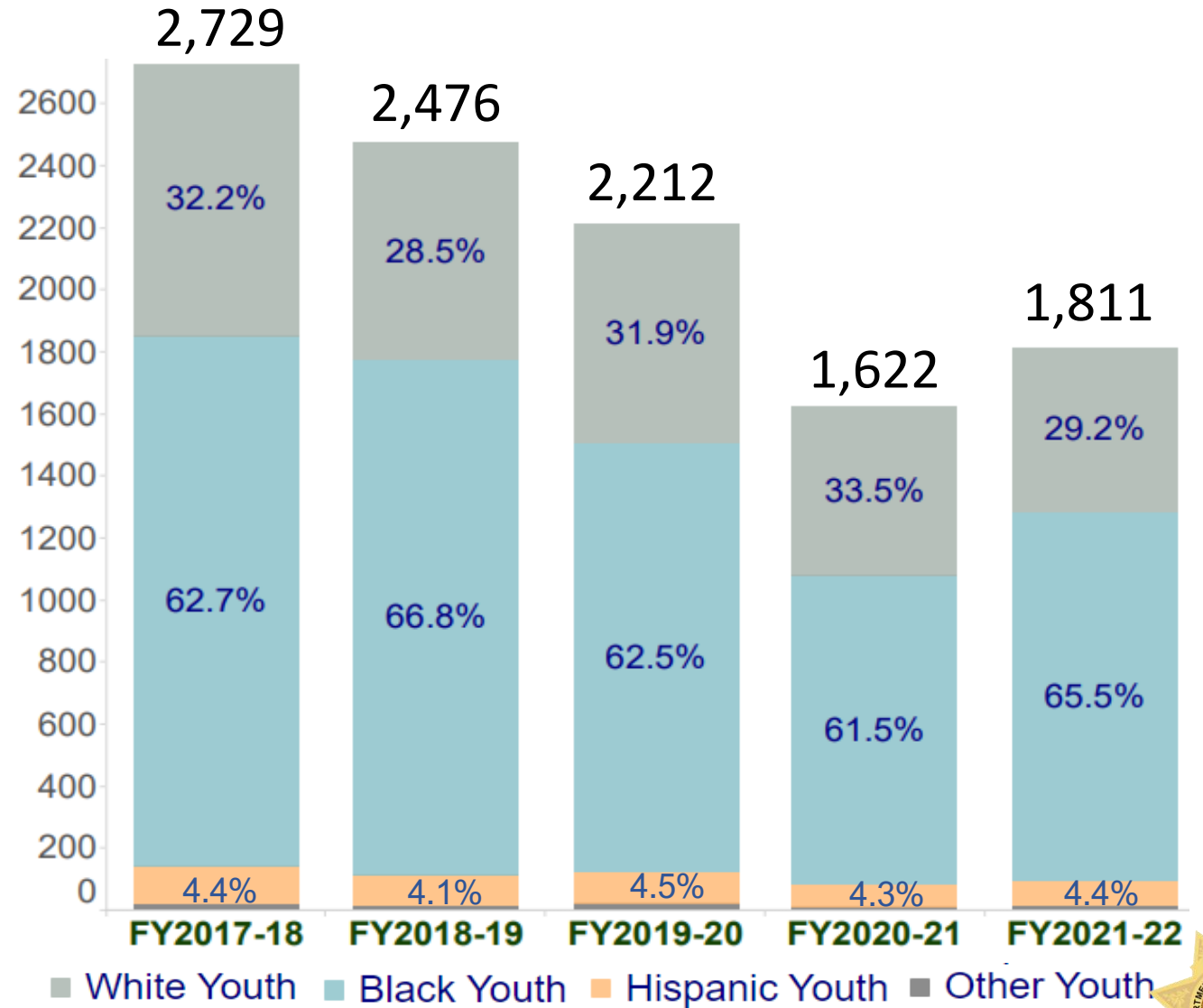
(First Time Misdemeanants)

Law Enforcement Agency	Eligible Youth	% Issued Alternative to Arr..	Issued Alternative to Arrest
Total	955	80%	768
Jacksonville Sheriffs Office	516	74%	383
Duval County School Police	118	99%	117
Clay County Sheriffs Office	100	87%	87
Clay County District Schools Police Department	89	97%	86
Nassau County Sheriffs Office	37	65%	24
Orange Park Police Department	23	100%	23
Fernandina Beach Police Department	22	73%	16
Jacksonville Beach Police Department	14	79%	11
Atlantic Beach Police Department	11	73%	8
Green Cove Springs Police Department	9	100%	9



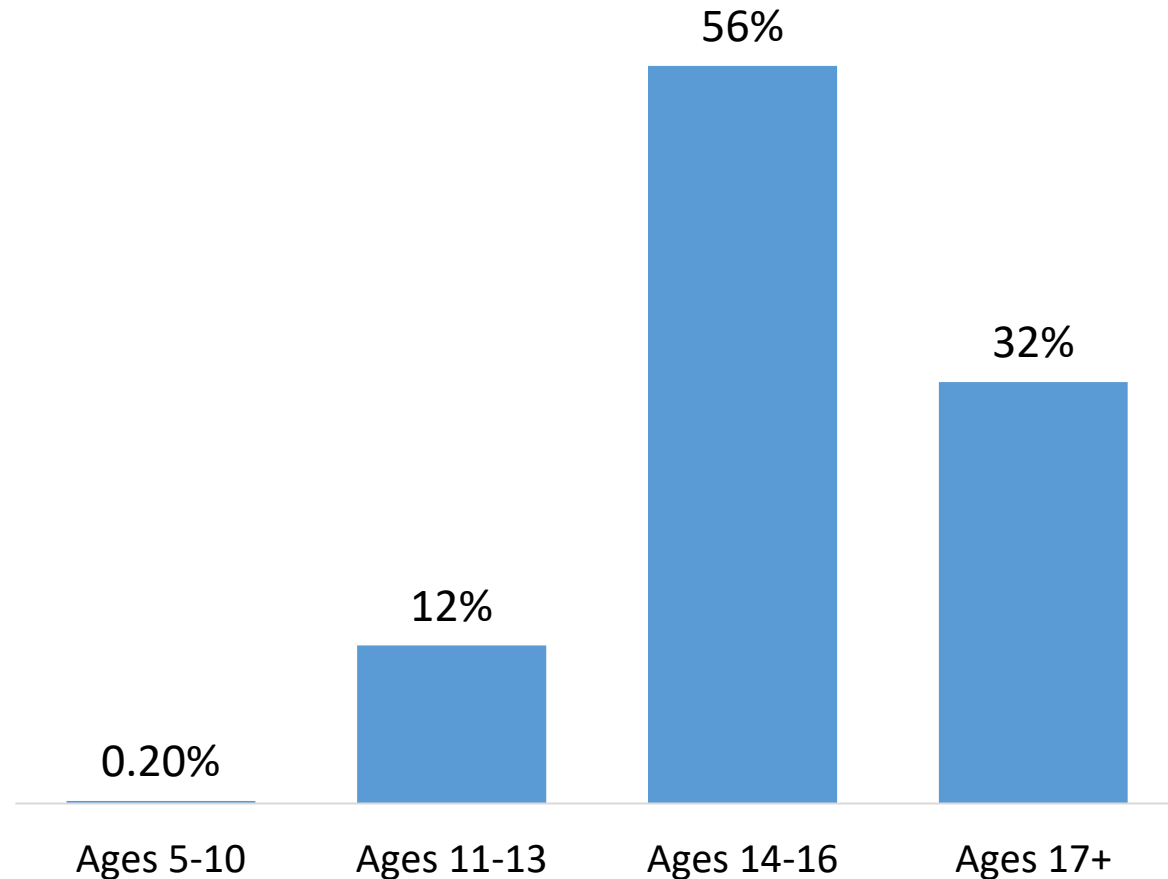
Arrest Rates

- 34% decrease in arrests from FY 2017-18 to FY 2021-22.
- 10% increase in FY 2021-22.
- Overall, the largest percentage of youth arrests were black youth.
- Generally, Hispanic youth make up approximately 4% of arrests.



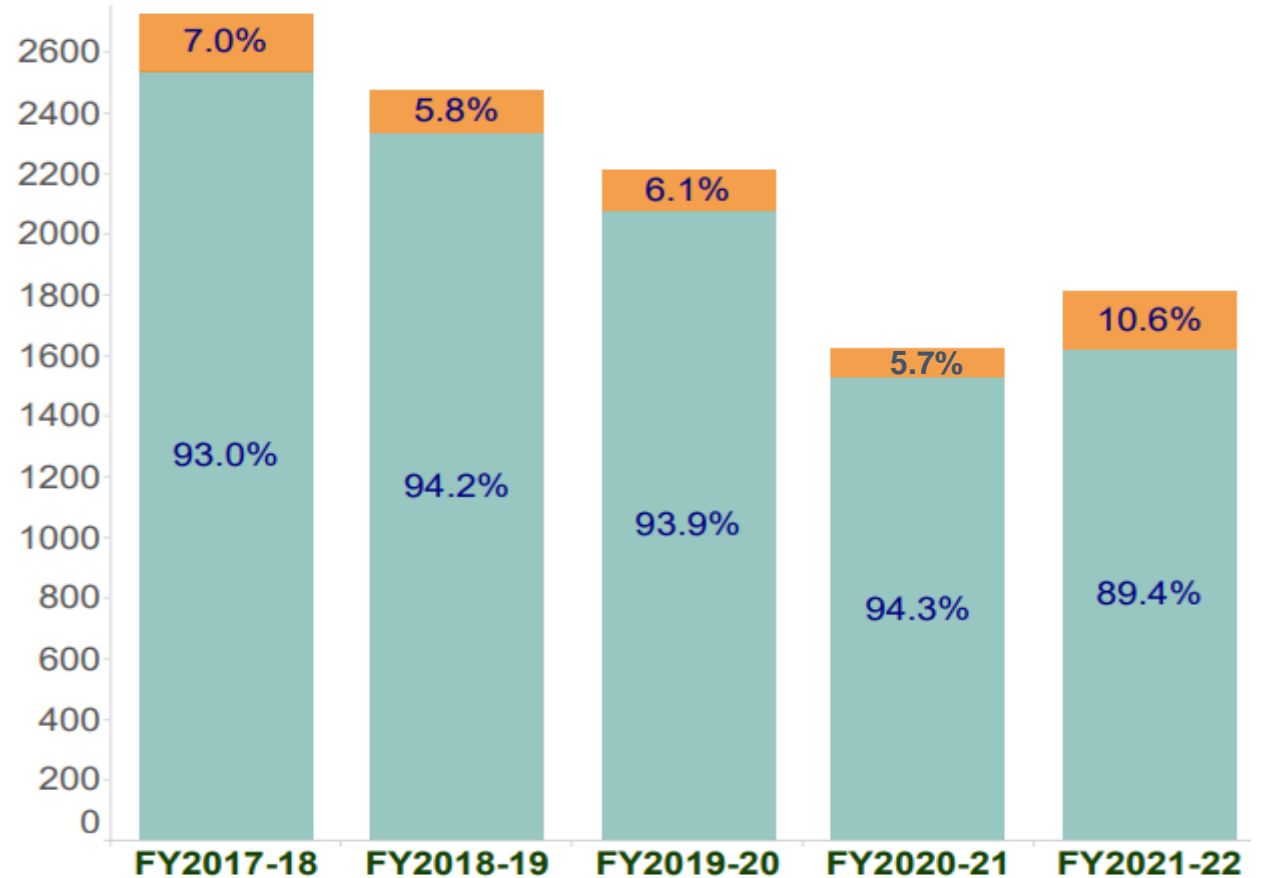
Arrest Disaggregation | FY 2021-2022

- 56% of youth arrests were youth aged 14-16 years old.
- Approximately 12% of arrests were youth aged 13 and under.



School vs Community Arrests

- Community-based arrests have significantly declined since 2017-18 (36%).
- Number of school-based arrests declined from FY 2017-18 to FY 2020-21.
- School-based arrests accounted for less than 11% of overall arrests over the last 5 years.

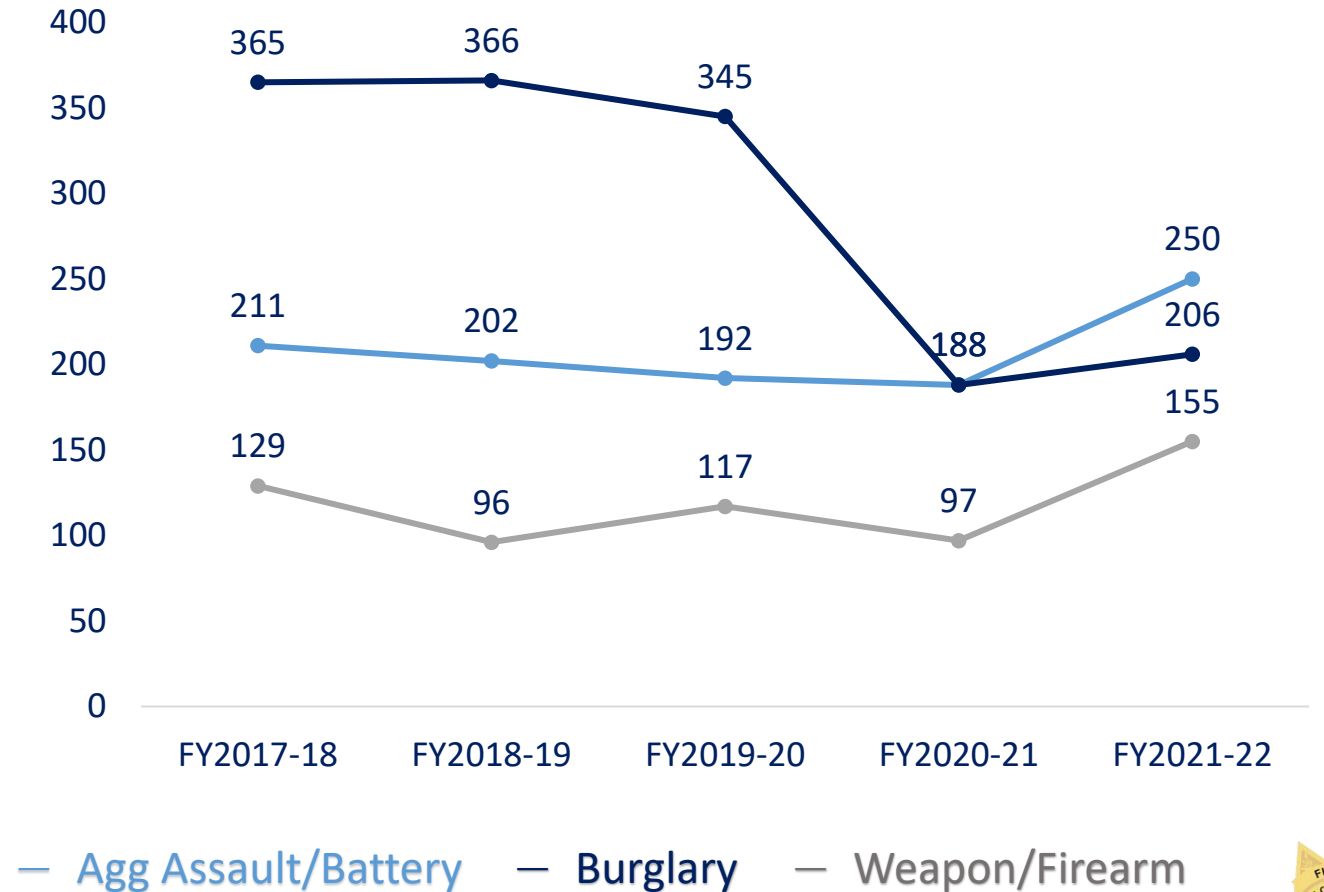


	FY2017-18	FY2018-19	FY2019-20	FY2020-21	FY2021-22
School	191	143	136	93	192
Community	2,538	2,333	2,076	1,529	1,619



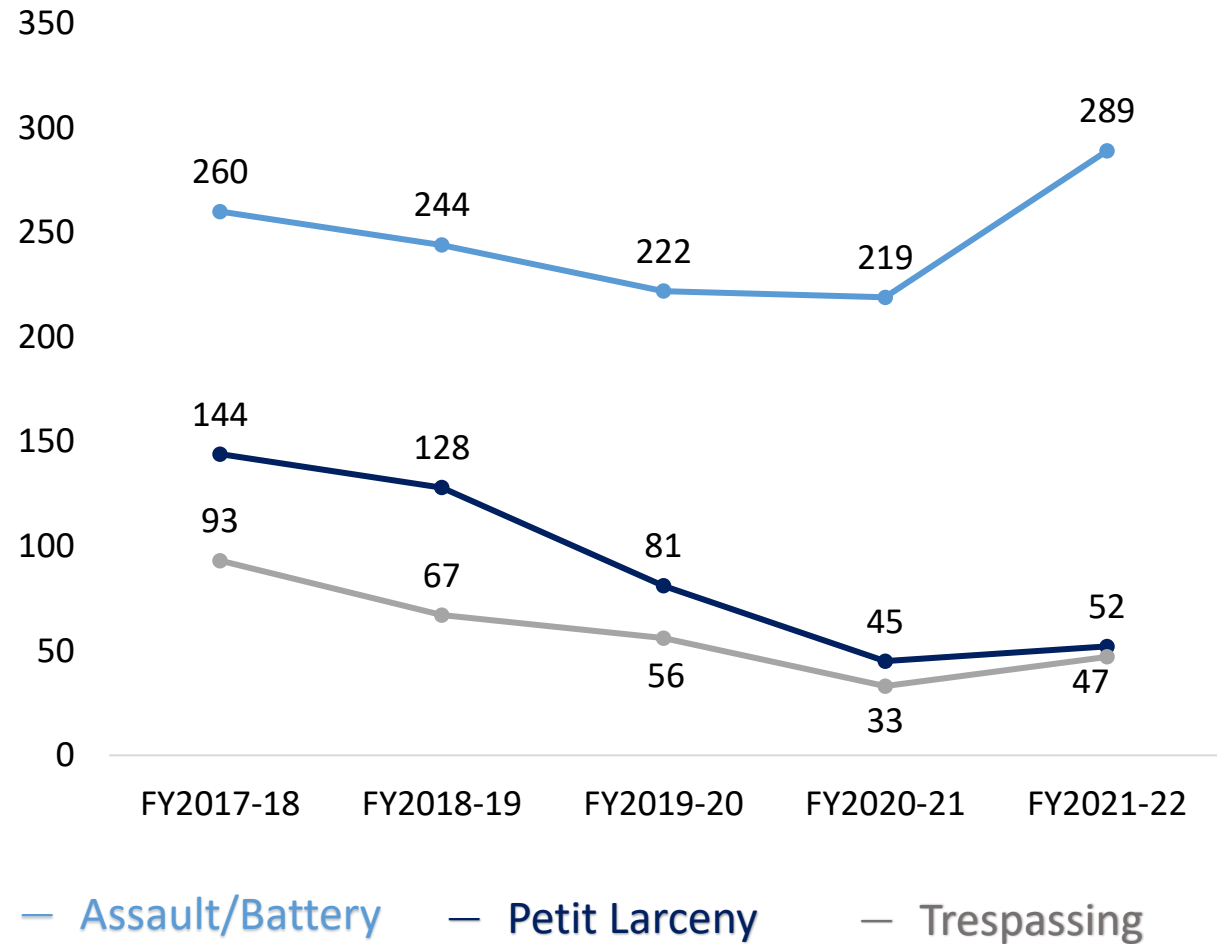
Top Felony Arrests | FY 2021-2022

- Aggravated Assault/Battery declined from FY 2017-18 to FY 2020-21. Significant increase in FY 2021-22.
- Significant decline in Burglary arrests in FY 2020-21. 44% decrease overall.
- Weapon/Firearm offenses have fluctuated over the years. 20% overall increase from FY 2017-18.



Top Misdemeanor Arrests | FY 2021-2022

- Assault/Battery arrests have declined from FY 2017-18 to FY 2020-21. Considerable increase in FY 2021-22.
- Steady decline in Petit Larceny arrests. Overall, 64% decrease from FY 2017-18.
- Overall decline in Trespassing arrests. Slight increase in arrests in FY 2021-22 .



Detention

- Secure Detention/Supervised Release
 - Admission Reasons
 - Length of Stay (LOS)
 - DRAI Scores

Secure Detention | FY 2021-2022

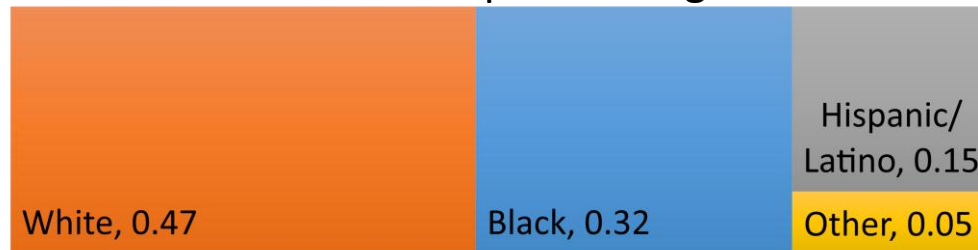
- 815 Admissions to Secure Detention in FY 2021-2022.
- 82% of the admissions were male.
- 70% of admissions were Black youth.
- 31% of admissions were for technical-related reasons.

	#	%
Total Admissions	815	100%
Female	148	18%
Male	667	82%

Race/Ethnicity		
Black	569	70%
Hispanic/Latino	33	4%
White	206	25%

Admit type		
Offenses	566	69%
Technical	249	31%

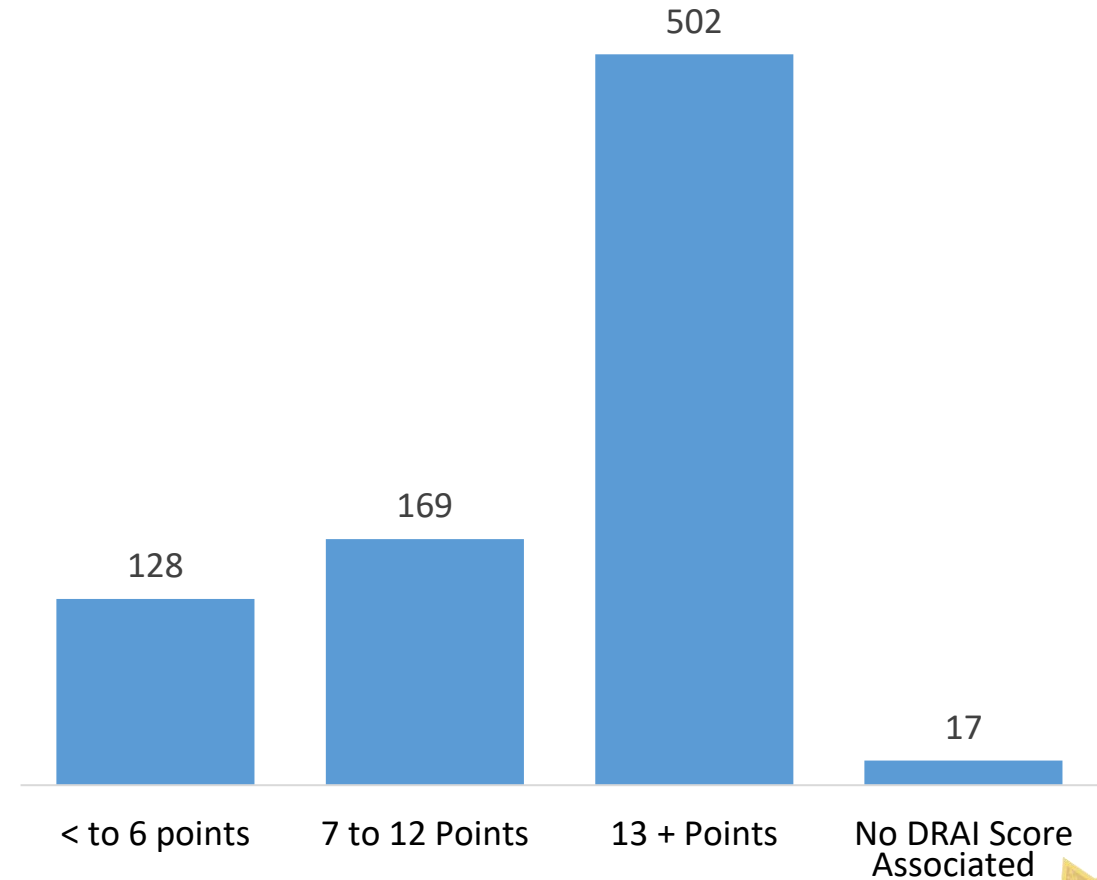
Circuit 4 Youth Population Age 10-17



Secure Detention DRAI Scores | FY 2021-2022

- The Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (DRAI) is used to determine the most appropriate placement for youth upon arrest.
- The DRAI was developed utilizing comprehensive data and research completed by a national juvenile justice research team.

DRAI Score	Appropriate Placement
≤ 6 points	Outright Release
7-12 points	Supervised Release Detention
13+ points	Secure Detention



Secure Detention LOS | FY 2021-2022

- 810 releases from Secure Detention in FY 2021-2022.
- Overall, average LOS was 20 days and median LOS was 13 days.
- Male overall LOS was higher than females (average of 21 days and median of 15 days).
- White youth had the lowest average LOS (17 days) and median LOS (10 days)
- Youth admitted for new offenses had higher LOS than youth admitted for technical reasons.

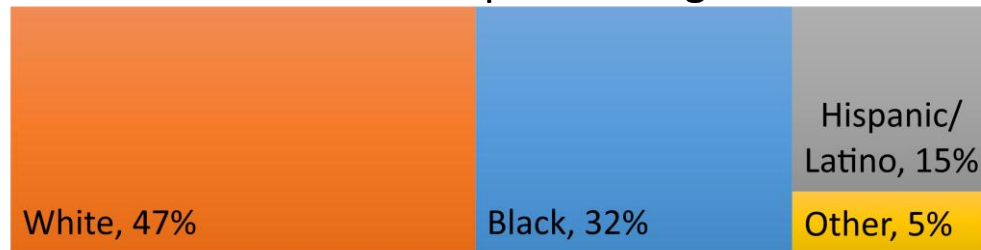
Releases	810	
LOS (days)	Average	Median
Overall	20	13
Gender		
Female	14	5
Male	21	15
Race/Ethnicity		
Black	21	14
Hispanic/Latino	22	14
White	17	10
Admit type		
Offenses	21	15
Technical	17	9

Supervised Release (SR) Detention | FY 2021-2022

- 585 admissions to Supervised Release Detention in FY 2021-2022.
- 78% of the admissions were male.
- 66% of the admissions were Black youth.
- Majority of admissions (86%) were for new offenses.

	#	%
Total Admissions	585	100%
Female	128	22%
Male	457	78%
Race/Ethnicity		
Black	386	66%
Hispanic/Latino	26	4%
White	166	28%
Admit type		
Offenses	506	86%
Technical	79	14%

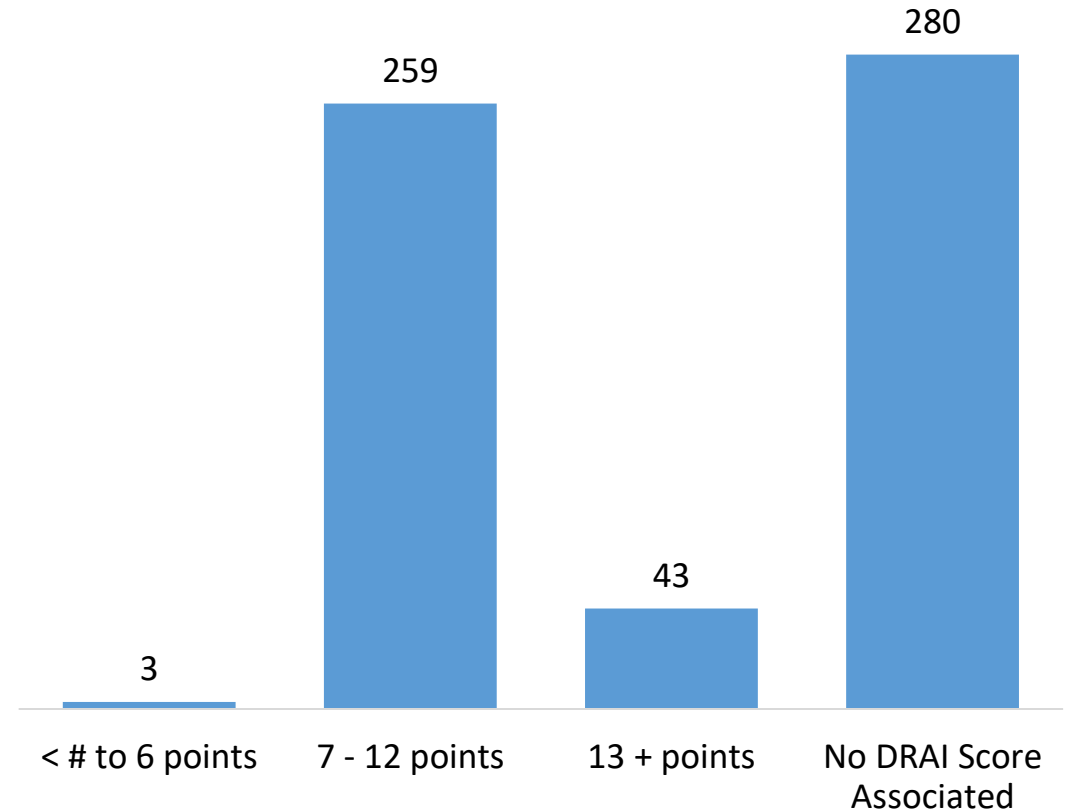
Circuit 4 Youth Population Age 10-17



Supervised Release (SR) Detention DRAI Scores | FY 2021-2022

- 44% of admissions scored for Supervised Release Detention on the DRAI.
- 7% of admissions scored for Secure Detention.
- Less than 1% of the admissions scored for Outright Release.

DRAI Score	Appropriate Placement
≤ 6 points	Outright Release
7-12 points	Supervised Release Detention
13+ points	Secure Detention



Supervised Release LOS | FY 2021-2022

- 578 releases from Supervised Release Detention in FY 2021-2022.
- Overall, average LOS was 38 days and median LOS was 21 days.
- Male admission average LOS was higher (41 days) than females.
- Hispanic youth average and median LOS were higher (average of 45 days and a median of 28 days) than Black and White youth.
- Youth admitted for offenses had a higher overall average and median LOS than technical.

Releases	578	
LOS (days)	Average	Median
Overall	38	21
Gender		
Female	29	19
Male	41	22
Race/Ethnicity		
Black	38	21
Hispanic/Latino	45	28
White	38	22
Admit type		
Offenses	39	21
Technical	33	15



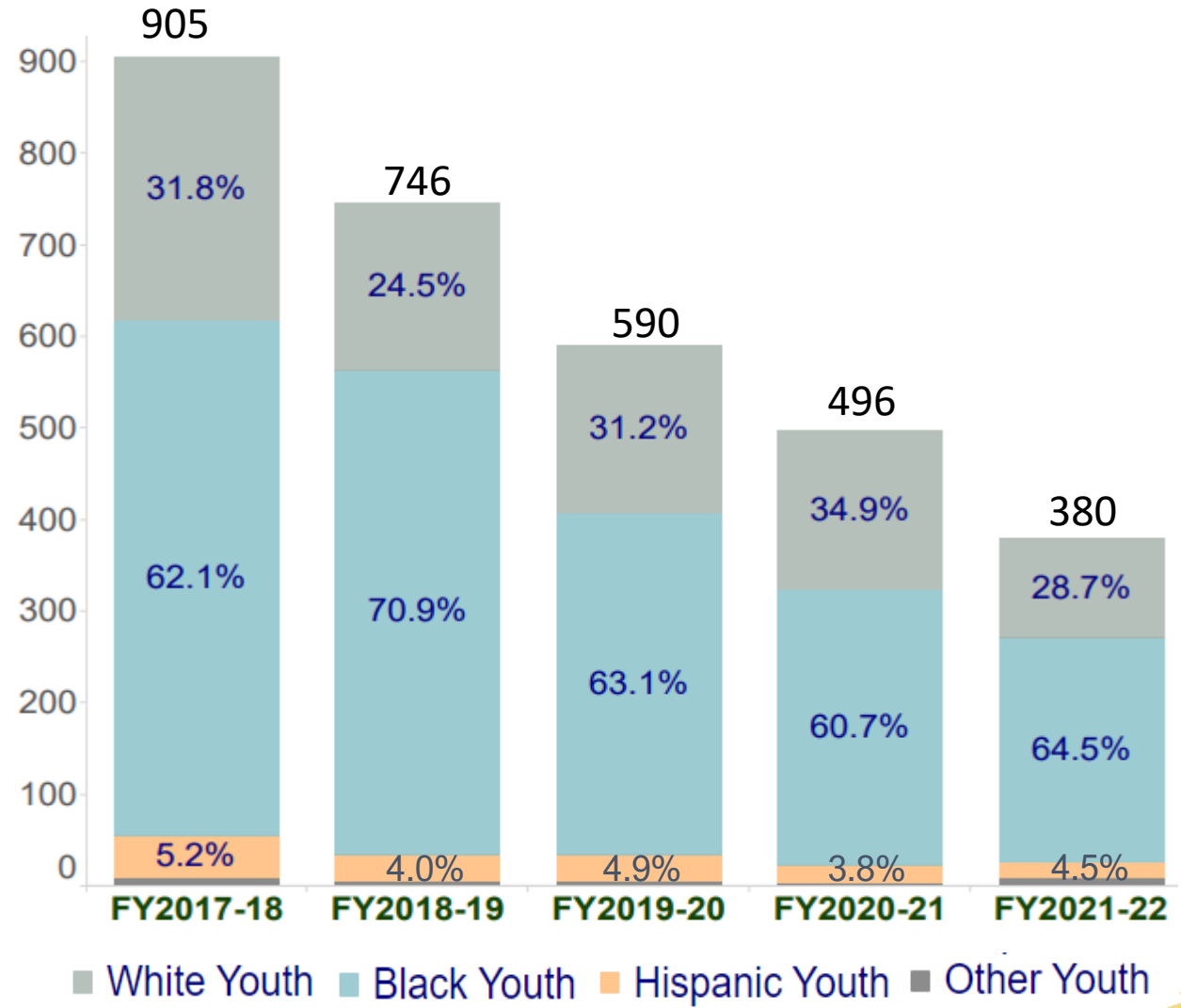
Probation

- Probation Dispositions



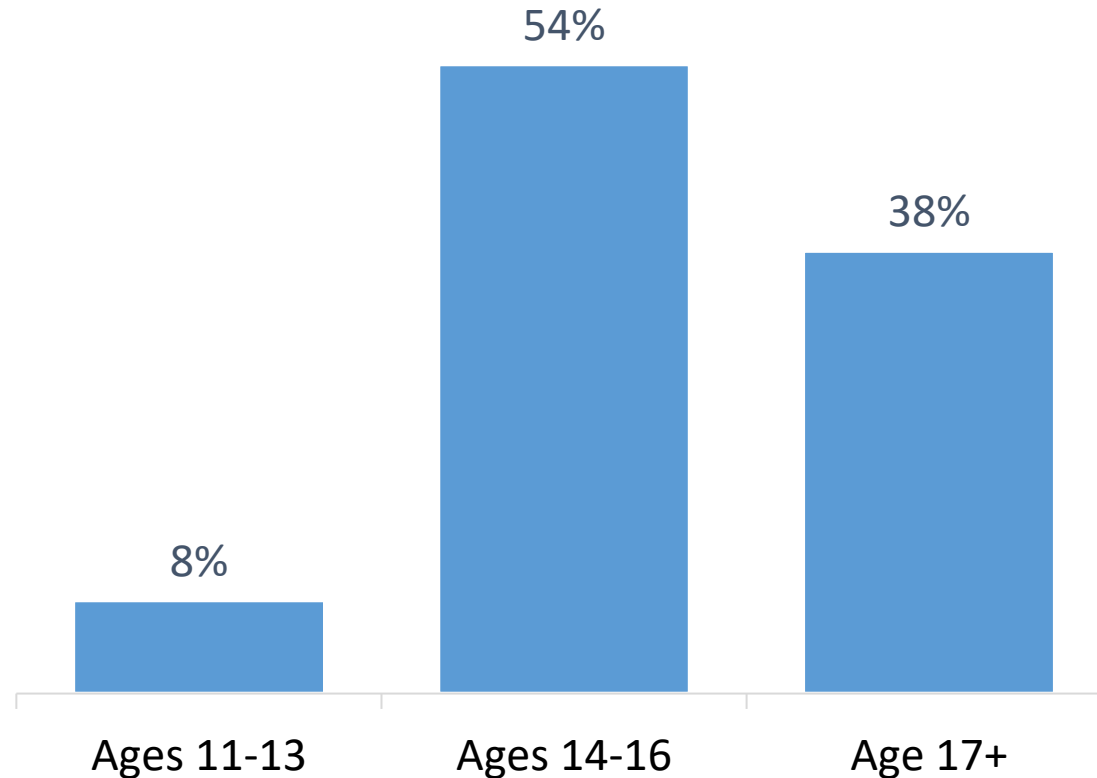
Probation

- 58% decrease in probation dispositions from FY 2017-18 to FY 2021-22.
- Black youth accounted for the largest percentage of probation dispositions over the last 5 years
- Hispanic youth generally accounted for about 4.5% of probation dispositions



Probation Disposition Disaggregation | FY 2021-2022

- 54% of probation dispositions were youth aged 14-16 years old.
- 38% of probation dispositions were aged 17+.

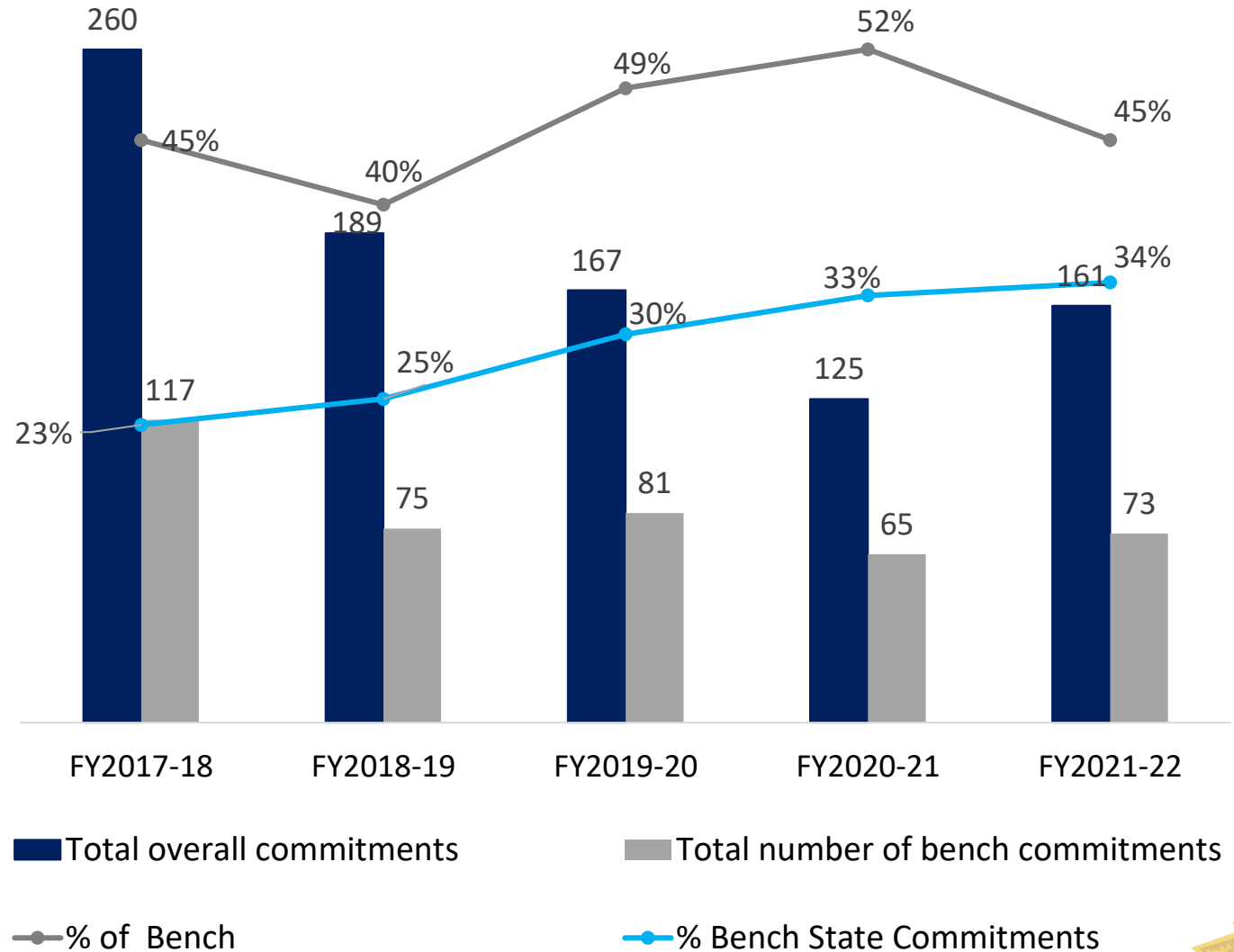


Residential

- Bench Commitment Rates

Residential

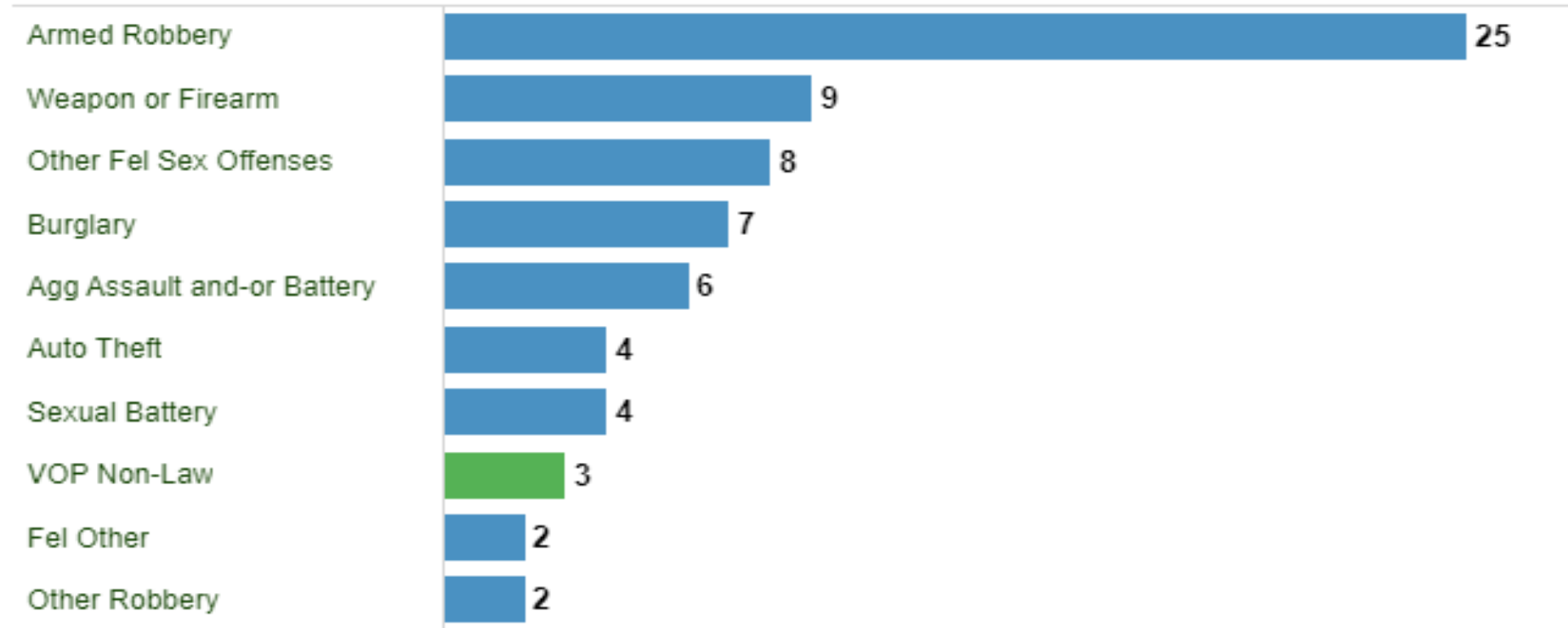
- Over the last 5 years, 38% decrease in overall residential commitments
- The lowest number of commitments were in FY 2020-21
- The Circuit rate of bench commitments is higher than the statewide rate over the last 5 years



Top Bench Commitment Offenses | FY 2021-22

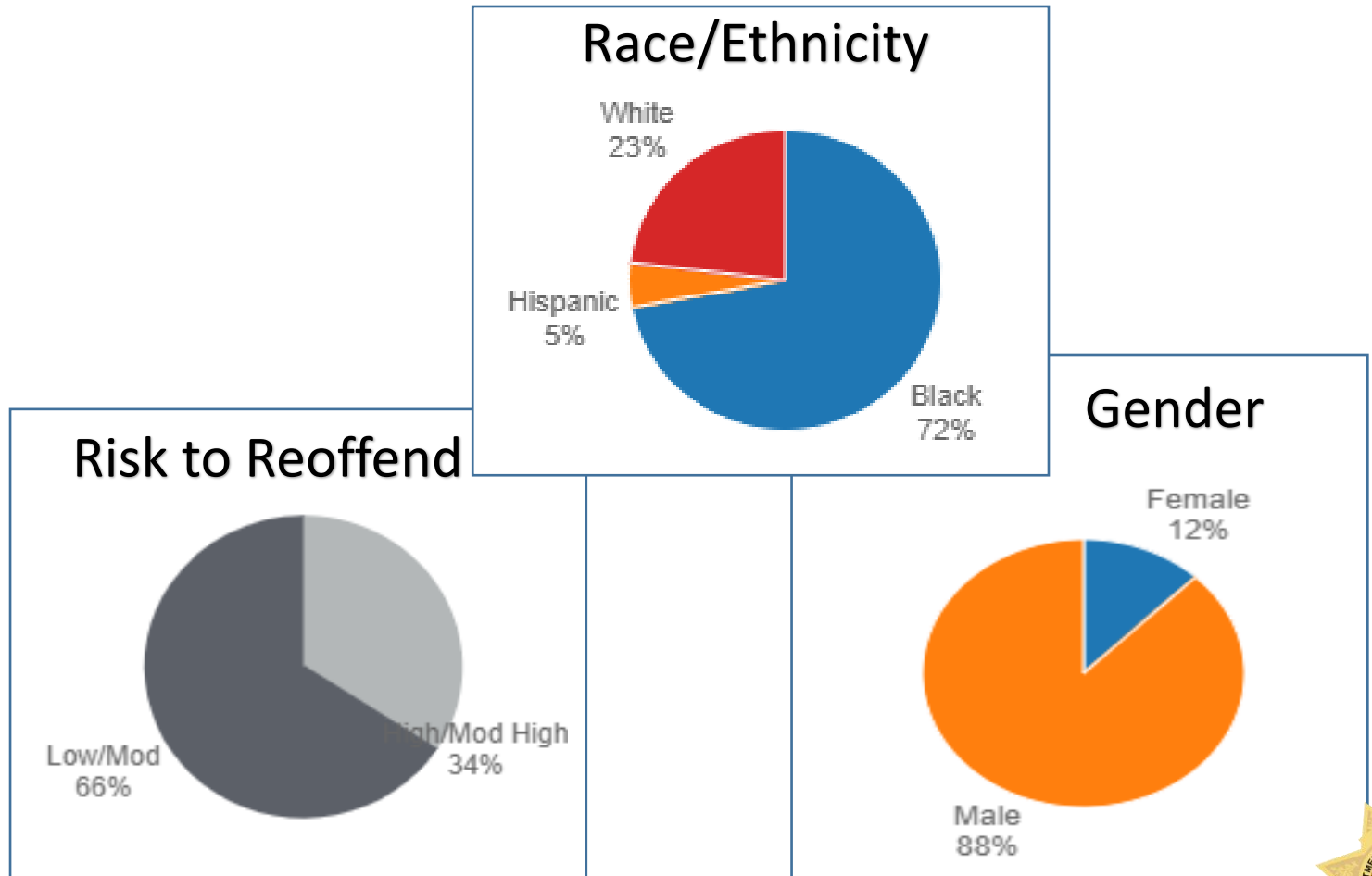
Top 10 Offenses (Bench Commitments)
(FY2021-22)

Felony Other



Bench Commitment Disaggregation | FY 2021-22

- 72% of youth who received a bench commitment were Black youth.
- 66% of the youth who received a bench commitment were low/moderate risk to reoffend.
- The majority of bench commitment dispositions were male.



Thank you!

